

The Non-Imaging Cherenkov Array (NICHE): A TA/TALE Extension to Measure the Flux and Composition of Very-High Energy Cosmic Rays

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The NICHE Idea

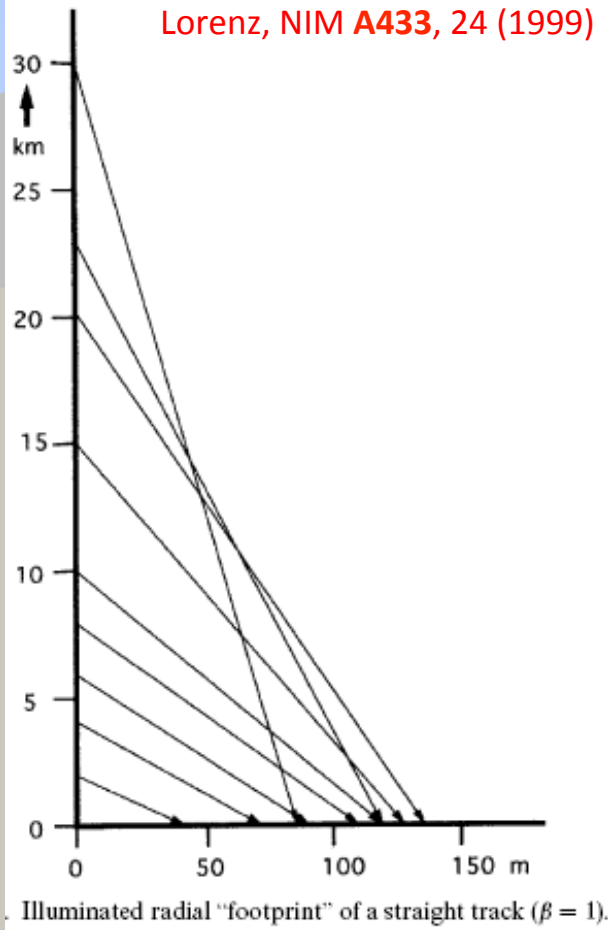
- Use non-imaging light collectors to extend the range of TA/TALE to below 10^{15} eV
 - Hybrid with TALE-Cherenkov
 - Small array, 0.16 km^2 , 100-m spacing, giving a couple events per hour above 10^{16} eV in coincidence with TALE-Cherenkov
 - Important for geometrical reconstruction, allows better X_{max} reconstruction in TALE, correlate with shower front width
 - “Stand-alone” array overlapping with TALE
 - Large array, 1.5 km^2 , 200-m spacing, giving one event per hour above 10^{17} eV
 - In-fill array, 100-m spacing, to push threshold down below 10^{15} eV

The NICHE Idea

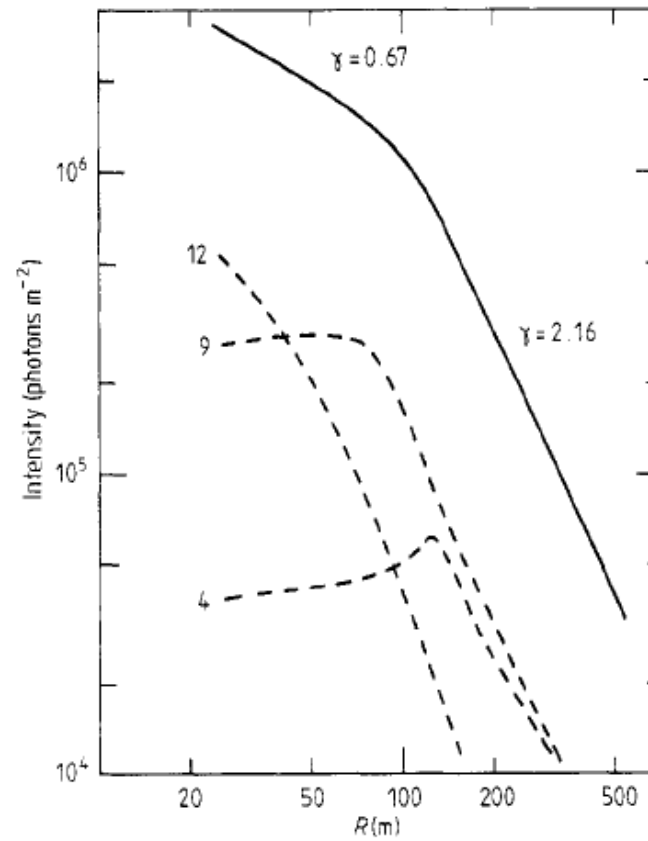
- Non-imaging Cherenkov detectors sensitive to shower energy through flux of Cherenkov photons
- Sensitivity to composition
 - From lateral distribution of Cherenkov flux (need measurements within 100 m of core)
 - From time width in a single counter (measurements well beyond 120 m from core)
- Non-imaging Cherenkov is an optical detector seeing the bulk of the shower, but insensitive to the fiducial volume biases of fluorescence detectors

Cherenkov Phenomenology I

Lorenz, NIM A433, 24 (1999)



Patterson & Hillas, JPG 9, 1433 (1983)



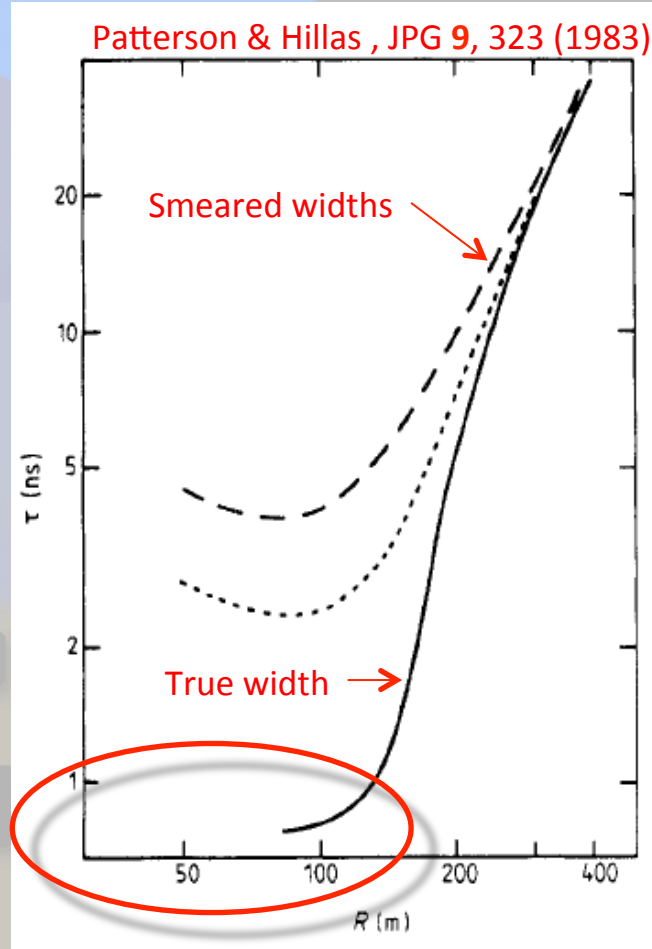
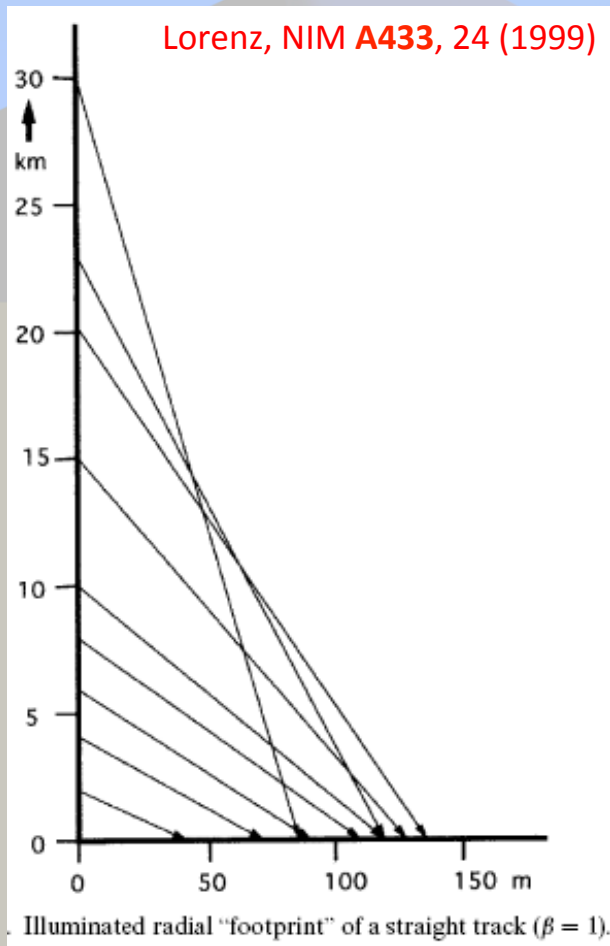
Traditionally one measures the Cherenkov Lateral Distribution.

$R > 120 \text{ m}$: Energy
 $R < 120 \text{ m}$: X_{Max}

This requires measurements within 120 m of the shower core.

Requires large number of Cherenkov detectors for $> 1 \text{ km}^2 \text{ sr}$.

Cherenkov Phenomenology II



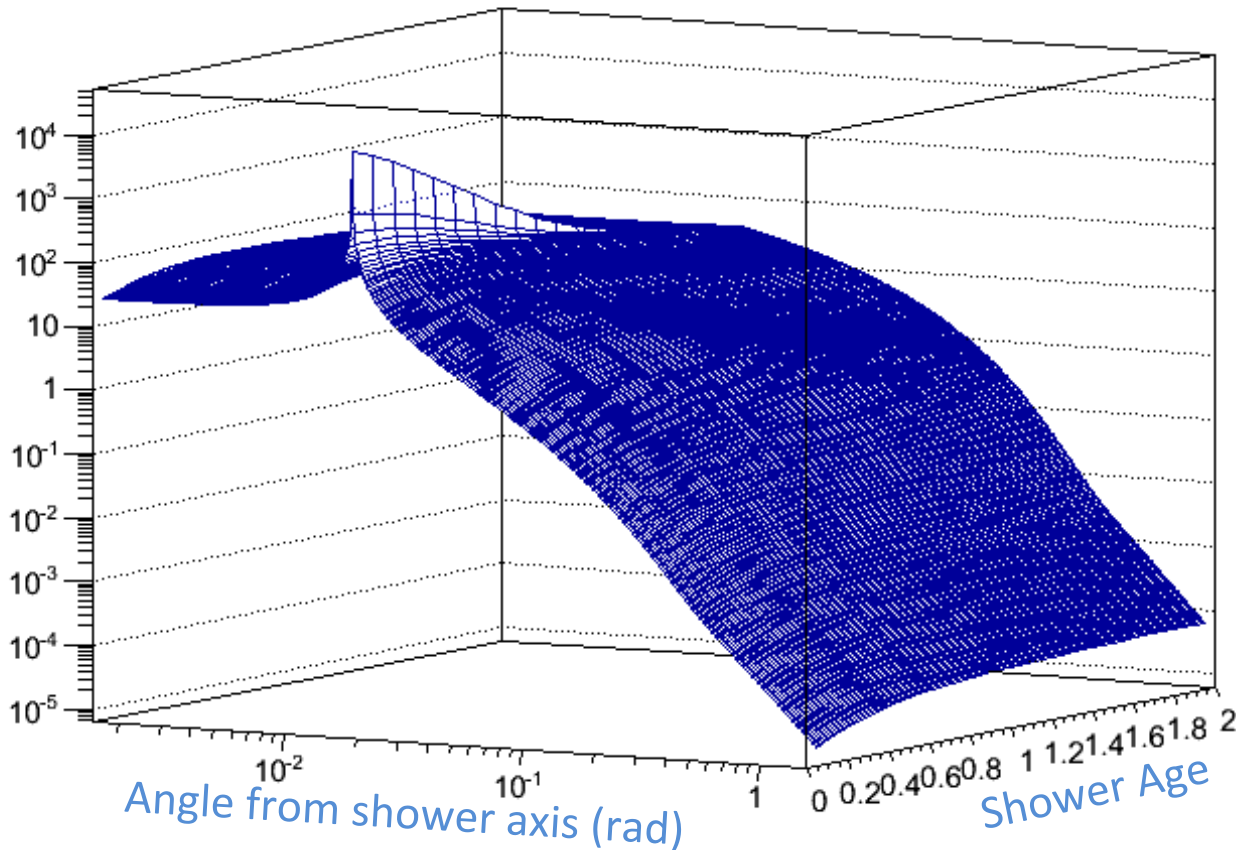
At sufficiently high energies, larger detector spacings can be used to measure the time-width at a given R .

At small R : dominated by light from lowest portion of shower.

At large R : get large part of shower. Many paths, wide time. The deeper the shower the wider the time.

Shower Universality

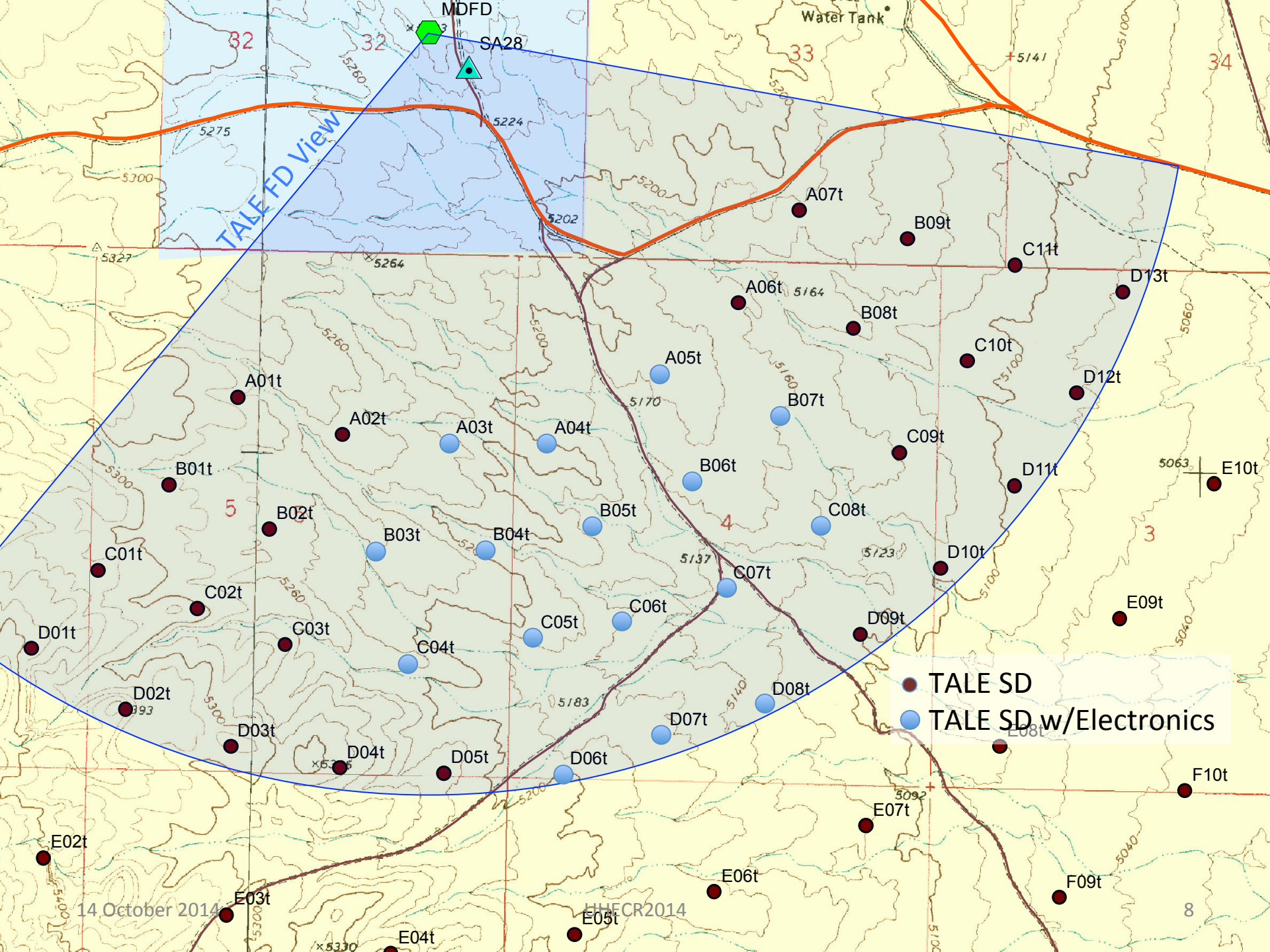
ggamma at $\delta=1.51e-04$, $h=4360$

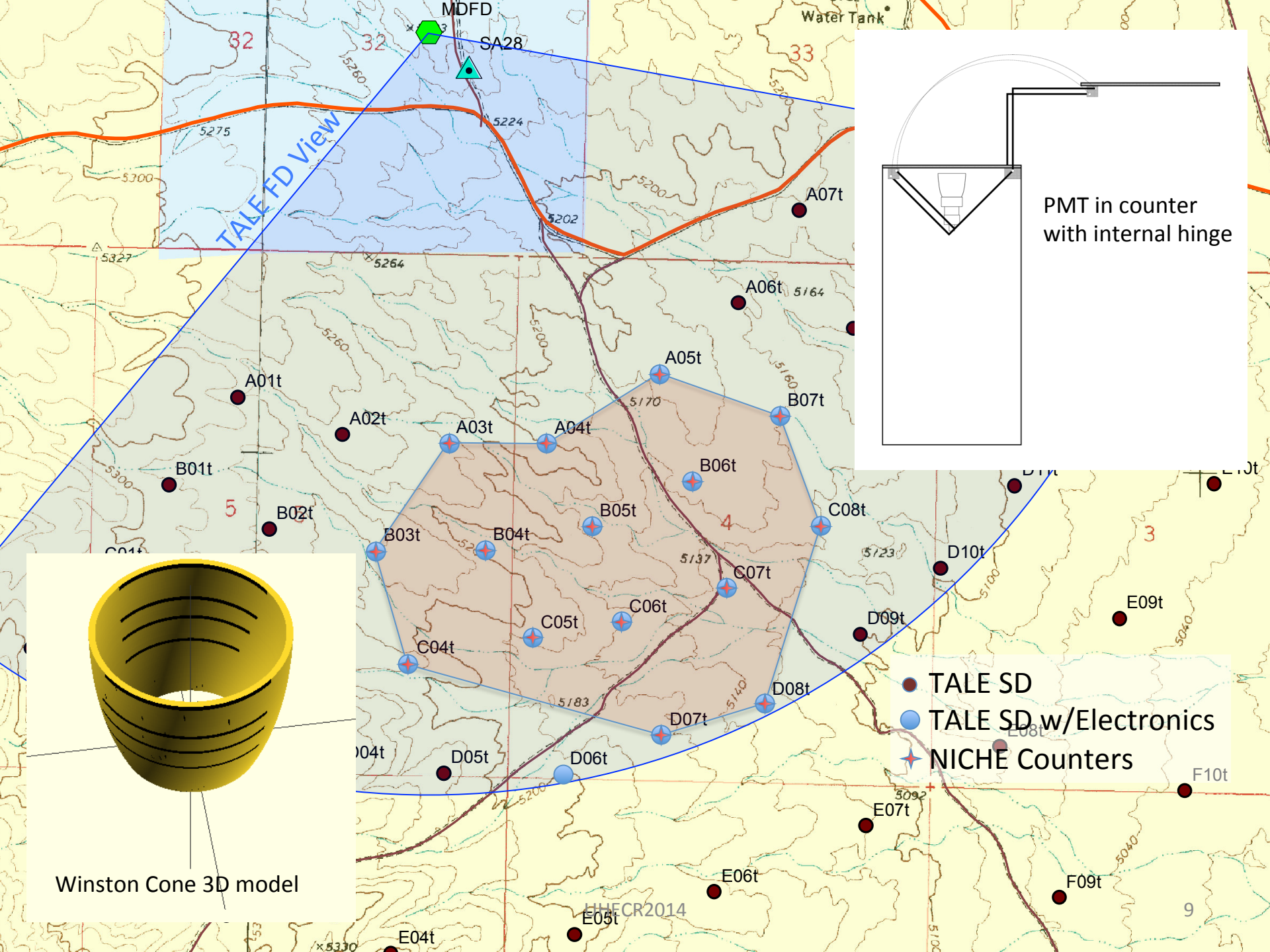


Showers have universal spectrum of electron energies (at a given age) and a universal electron angular distribution (at a given energy). Convolute electron angular distribution at a given age with Cherenkov cone to get angular distribution of Cherenkov photons

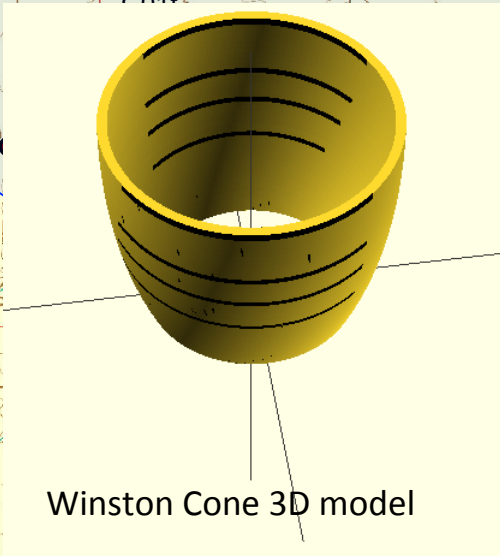
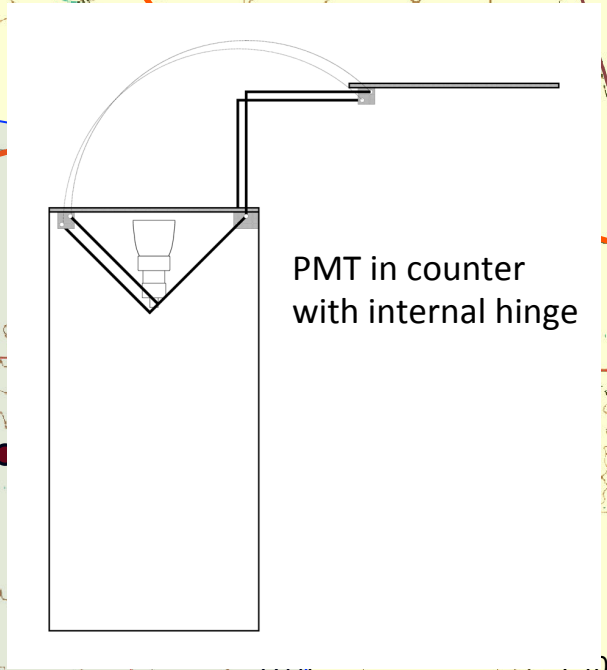
NICHE Prototype

- Yoshiki Tsunesada has received ¥18.8M *Kakenhi* grant for young scientists to build the first 15 NICHE counters.
 - One 3” PMT (Hamamatsu R6233-100) per counter
 - 200 MS/s, 12-bit FADC & FPGA L1 trigger from Brains, Inc.
 - Local storage of all triggered events for one night’s data





TALE FD View



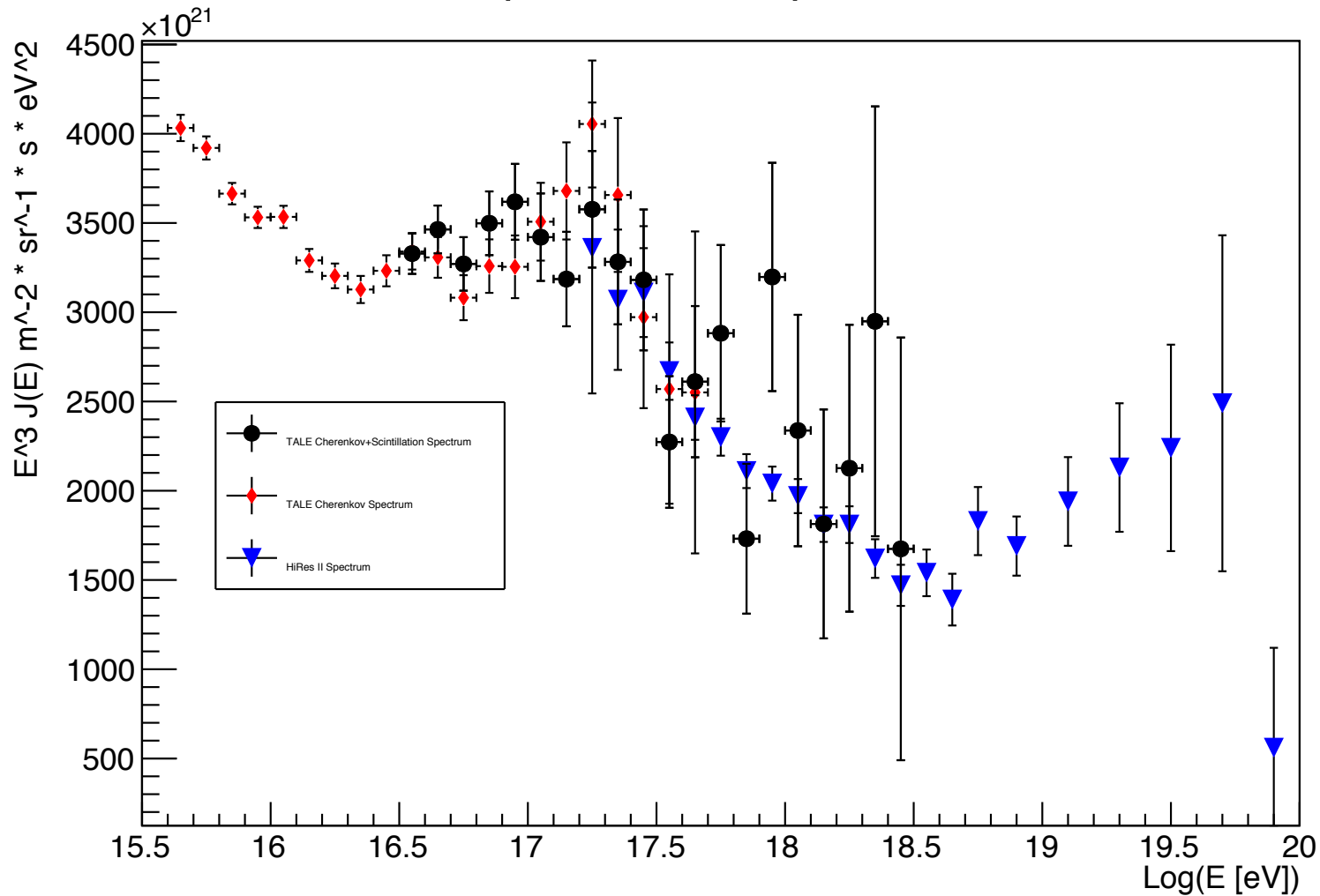
LINECR2014

Serendipity

- The NICHE plan was (and still is) to make an array large enough to get an event per hour above 10^{17} eV to overlap with fluorescence
 - Push the counters far apart
 - Use time-width
- *But* if we had a direct longitudinal observation of air-showers at 10^{16} eV, life would be much easier
 - Only need 10% of the area, can put the detector close enough together to get inside-the-cone
- Well, we do ...

Serendipity

Spectrum Comparisons



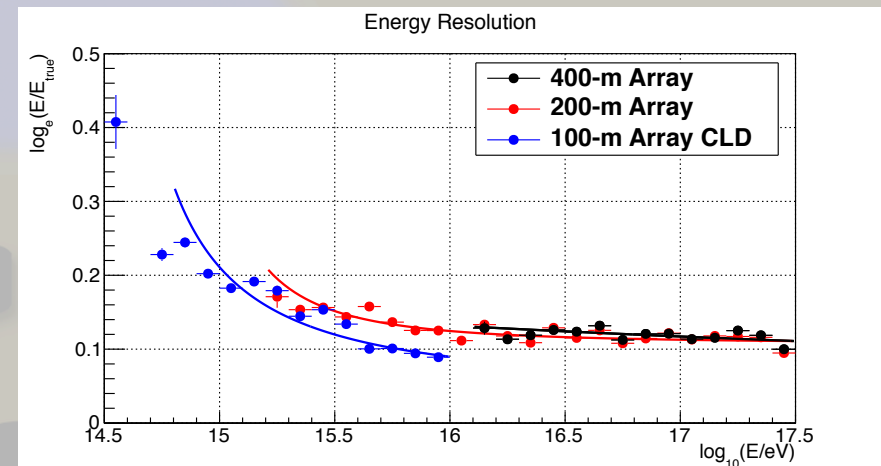
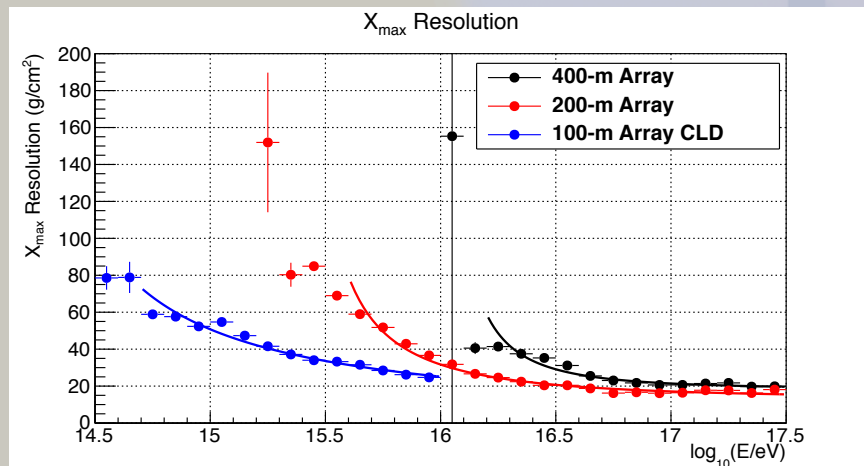
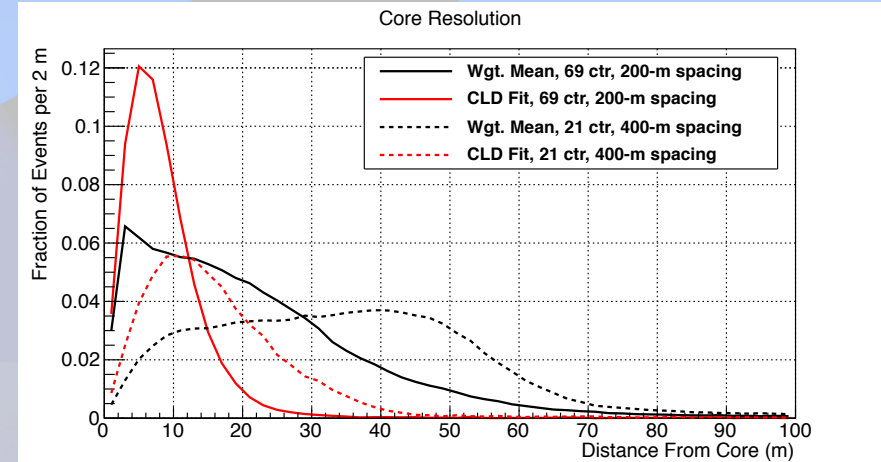
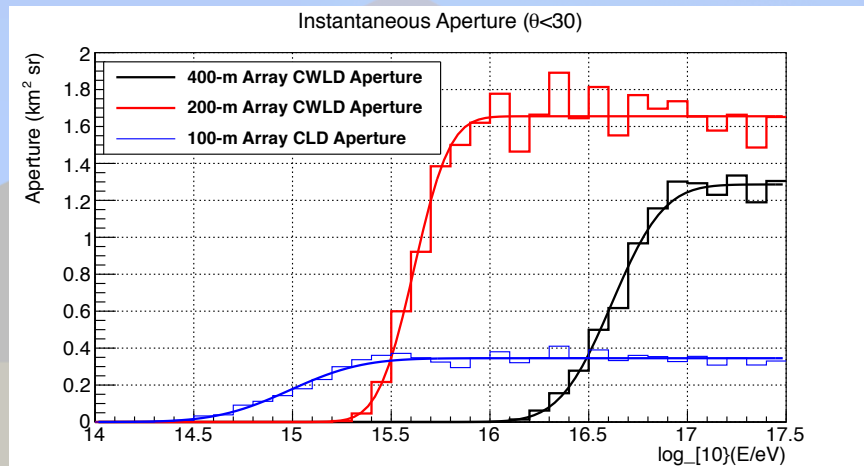
NICHE-TALE Hybrid

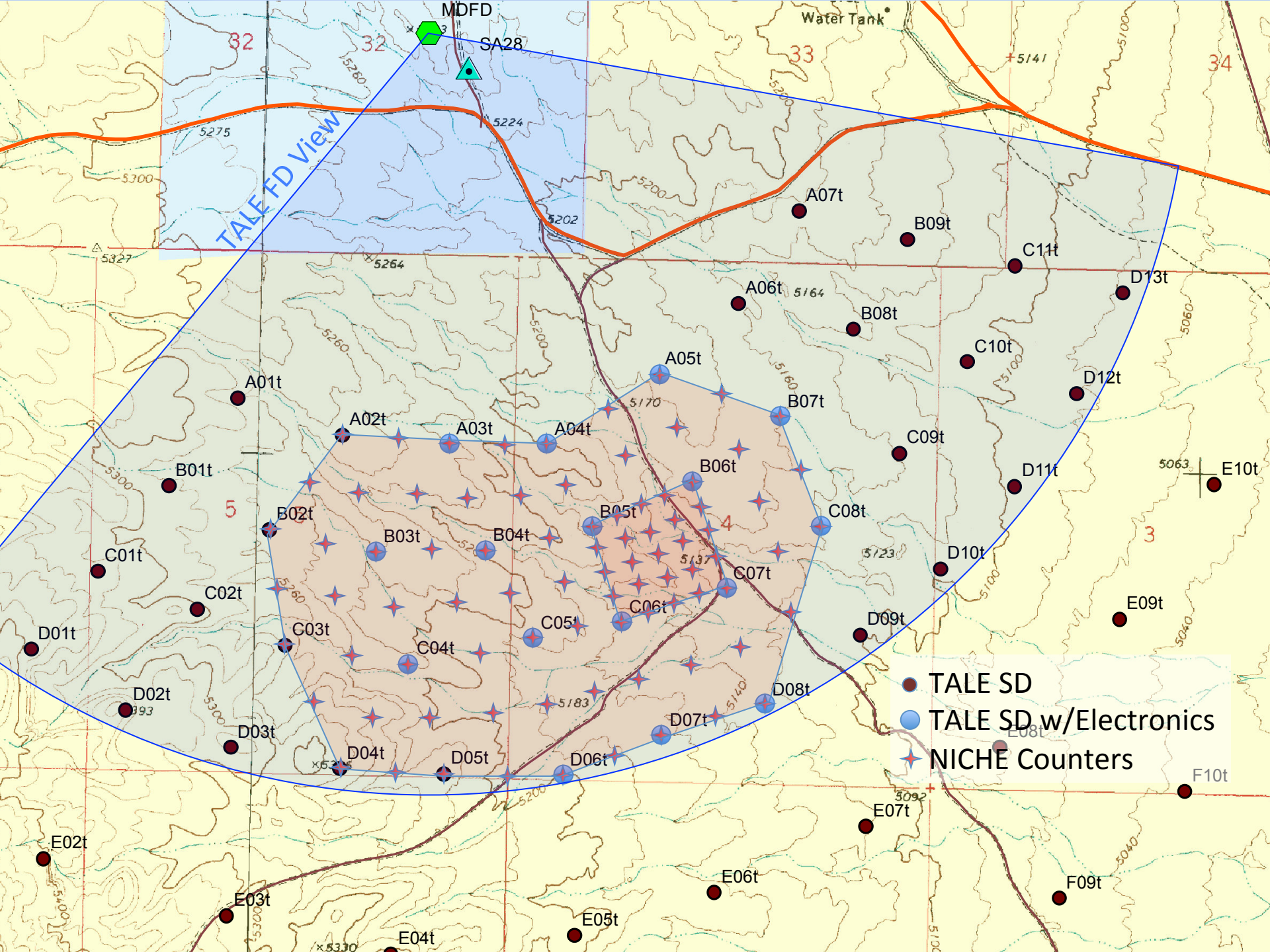
- A NICHE array can work in hybrid with TALE-Cherenkov
 - Single NICHE counter timing can significantly constrain monocular TALE-Cherenkov geometry
 - With well known core, each NICHE counter can make a composition determination from the time-width
 - Cross-correlation of X_{\max} measurements between NICHE and TALE provides confirmation of time-width technique

The Full NICHE Array

- A 68-counter array with 200-m spacing
 - Threshold just around knee
 - 25 g/cm² resolution above a few times 10¹⁶ eV
- A 25-counter infill array with 100-m spacing
 - Threshold about 10¹⁵ eV
 - Have to use CLD for composition (hence 100-m spacing)

The Full NICHE Array





Conclusion

- NICHE will use Cherenkov light from showers to extend the range of TA to below 10^{15} eV
- A 15-counter prototype array is currently being constructed
- A 25-counter hybrid array with TALE-Cherenkov is currently being proposed
- Eventually plan for a large 1.5–2 km² array